Center for the Study of Traumatic Stress

CSTS | Department of Psychiatry | Uniformed Services University | 4301 Jones Bridge Road, Bethesda, MD 20814-4799 | www.CSTSonline.org

THE HEALTH CONSEQUENCES OF DISASTERS AND EVACUATION: What Patients Need to Know to Prepare

This resource will facilitate conversation between healthcare professionals and patients about health implications of exposure to disasters, especially those requiring evacuation. The talking points below can help you ask the questions that will help your patients assess, prepare for, and respond to an evacuation, and do so in a way that is responsive to their unique health needs.

Services

You may disseminate this fact sheet electronically to colleagues, and/or put it on your own organization's website to enhance your health outreach in the community.

This resource will facilitate conversation between healthcare professionals and patients about health implications of exposure to disasters, especially those requiring evacuation. The reverse side of this document can be used to write down local contact information and health resources useful during disasters.

As a healthcare professional, your care impacts not just your patients and their families, but the health and safety of our nation. The aftermath of major disasters, such as hurricanes, wildfires, floods, and pandemics, provide valuable opportunities

to reinforce important public health measures such as preparedness for individuals and communities, as well as protective health measures when evacuation is required or people are otherwise displaced from their homes or communities.

Talking Points to Help Families Assess and Plan for Health Needs Around Disasters and Evacuation

Disasters affect families emotionally and physically, and often cause significant worry and concern. Being prepared, especially around health needs, can mitigate stress and maximize positive outcomes. Here are some questions you can ask patients to help them assess and develop emergency preparedness plans responsive to their health needs:

- Do you or any of your family members have medical conditions that require medications, special medical equipment, or a special diet?
- What might you or members of your family need to do about these health issues in an environment away from home?
- Have you communicated these health issues to a supervisor, teacher, day care, or other professional in an environment in which you or a family member spend a significant portion of the day away from home?

Steps Families Can Take to Prepare for Disasters around Health Issues

During disasters, health medications and health supplies may be temporarily disrupted.

- At home, have an extra supply of medications available.
- Away from home, provide instructions and training (if possible) to a primary caregiver who would be responsible for your family member in a disaster.
- If that caregiver expresses reluctance or discomfort to administer help, have them identify a person within that environment who would be able to provide assistance with such procedures as injections or other requirements.
- Make sure adult children away from home, such as college students, are prepared. Make sure elderly members of your family are also prepared.

Continued

Family Communication Plan

A good communication plan provides a central role in relaying information about the status and location of loved ones; it will help to reduce concerns at the time of and immediately following a disaster. To create a disaster communication plan, families must:

- Establish a primary contact and number (preferably a relative or friend in another part of the region or out of state) that family members can call in case of emergencies. Every member of the family should know this number.
- In the event that family members are separated, it is also important that daycare, work, school, and neighbors know this number.
- Prepare a list of phone numbers where each family member can be reached during the day. Include a list of relatives, friends, and business associates that would or should know your whereabouts in case of emergency.

- During disasters, cell and other phone communications may be disrupted. Consider alternative means for communicating, as well as places to meet up in the event of prolonged communication disruptions.
- It is important to be aware of other vehicles of communication such as the Internet, e-mail, and HAM radio. The Red Cross is also a resource to help contact loved ones.
- Leave a note at your residence to let others know where you are and how you can be contacted.

Helpful Web Links:

- http://www.ready.gov
- https://www.ready.gov/kids
- http://www.redcross.org/



Center for the Study of Traumatic Stress Department of Psychiatry Uniformed Services University 4301 Jones Bridge Road, Bethesda, MD 20814-4799 www.CSTSonline.org